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THE ENTREPRENEUR'S PRENUP

WORKBOOK

How to Choose a Business Partner Who Won't [BLEEP] You

The Entrepreneur's Prenup

Workbook

How to Choose a Business Partner Who Won't [BLEEP] You

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Getting the Most Out of The Entrepreneur's Prenup . . . And Your Partnership

Welcome to *The Entrepreneur's Prenup* workbook, and congratulations for taking your business partnership so seriously! I commend you for caring enough to want to get it right. I wish I had had this workbook when I made some of my partnership choices . . . it could have saved me a lot of headaches (and heartaches!).

It's my hope that by taking you through these questions, you'll avoid a lot of the "cow pies" that I stepped into with both feet (and see my clients doing all the time).

Here are a few guidelines to help you get the most out of this experience:

1. **Pace Yourself.** Don't try to tackle all of these questions in one sitting – or even two. That's like gorging yourself on multiple Thanksgiving dinners in one evening. There's only just so much turkey (or tofu) and sweet potatoes and green bean casserole with onion crumble and apple pie a la mode you can ingest at once. Plus, the object is not just to answer the questions and then cross that task off your list. You'll want to reflect on the answers you've received to see if you're comfortable with what you're hearing and seeing. That's what the evaluation boxes are for.

2. **Evaluate Responses.** Speaking of evaluation, there isn't a hard and fast rule for the "perfect" partner. That's a hallucination that exists only in romance novels. There are many factors that influence the dynamics of business partnerships. I've found a number of recurring qualities and issues that entrepreneurs seem to care about most, and that strongly influence their choice of business partner. They fall into two categories. The first category, referred to as "affinity factors," relates to issues and feelings of compatibility, goals, company culture, and communication/navigation. The second category, the "practical factors," covers more concrete matters and relates to issues of money, management roles, accountability, and exit strategy. While the workbook helps you address these crucial issues, only *you* can decide which of them carries more weight with you. The good news: there's no wrong answer! The evaluation boxes for each factor will help you decide what's most important to you.

3. **Repurpose Your Responses.** As you've learned (or will learn) in the companion audio files, there's more to this process than just going through the exercises. Some of the exercises will generate responses that can help your professional advisors when guiding you

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through a partnership agreement. Or, they may assist you in putting together an "operations manual" for your company. You'll see the notations on the exercises where that applies.

As to advisors, this is a perfect opportunity to think "bigger" about your advisory team. You want your company to have the best chance possible for growth, don't you (gee, I hope so)? A business partner is one part; an attorney is another; and an accountant is yet another. Because laws can vary from state to state, you should always confirm your partnership terms with your attorney to make sure that your situation, approach, and decisions generated by these exercises comply with your state's law. Your accountant will be invaluable in helping you craft the financial, tax, and valuation provisions in your partnership agreement.

4. Finally, realize that **there are no failures from this process**. You can't lose. If you decide that your "intended" really isn't the right partner for you and your business, *congratulations!* You've just saved tens of thousands of dollars in legal fees that it would take to go through an ugly "business divorce." You've avoided years of an unhappy work environment. Quite possibly, you've ensured that a dear friendship continues to enhance your life – rather than having it destroyed through acrimony and resentment because your business relationship isn't thriving. Far better to know these issues *now*, than become enmeshed in your business and have to root the partner out.

Don't forget to check out your free gift (certificate on page 46), as my "thank you" for buying this program and making sure you choose a business partner who won't *[BLEEP]* you!

Now, let's get started! Wisdom and wealth,

Mina

Entrepreneurial Partnership Issues

Exercise 1: Is Entrepreneurship Right For You?



Food for thought: Owning your own business has many perks, but lots of downsides, too. Do you have the right temperament to handle the roller-coaster ride? Are you using the "escape hatch" of entrepreneurship merely to get away from your current miserable job where you're working with lunatics who are

happy to treat their employees like sweat shop workers and where there's no opportunity for career growth? If so, you may find that you'll be jumping from the frying pan into the fire ... for the next lunatic boss could be yourself!

Here are some things to consider:

- 1. Are you a self-starter? Give an example to demonstrate.
- 2. What's your track record of executing your ideas?
- 3. Do you have a concept you're passionate about? Describe it in 25 words or less.
- 4. How much money do you have to invest in this business? Is that enough to get it off the ground?
- 5. Is your significant other on board with your plans? Do your lifestyle and family arrangements permit you to work long (and sometimes, insane) hours?

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6. What are your strengths and weaknesses? Look at important business management skills areas such as:

Sales	Pricing, buying, sales planning, negotiating, direct-selling to buyers, customer service follow-up, managing other sales reps, tracking competitors		
Marketing	Advertising/promotion or public relations, media planning, copywriting, marketing strategies/plans, Internet/social media		
Financial planning	Cash-flow planning, monthly financial reporting, bank relationships, credit line management		
Accounting	Bookkeeping, billing (payables and receivables), monthly profit and loss statements/balance sheets, quarterly/annual tax preparation		
Administrative	Scheduling, payroll handling, benefits administration, insurance		
Personnel management	Hiring/firing/motivating employees, general management skills		
Technology	Word processing, spreadsheet, database, time management software, Internet and other research, computer equipment/other peripherals like PDAs, BlackBerrys, and cell phones		
Communication	Oral presentation, written communication, schmoozing/entertainment		

Strengths

Weaknesses

1)	1)
2)	2)
3)	3)
4)	4)
5)	5)
6)	6)
7)	7)
8)	8)

Exercise 2: What Do You Want in a Partner?



Food for thought: Do you know and understand why you want a partner in the first place? Are you looking for an active partner, someone with experience and expertise you don't have? Or are you terrified of being alone – or think you can't make it on your own? [**Note to self:** think of the last time you got involved with someone romantically because you were lonely – not necessarily

because they were any great shakes. "Been there, done that," I say, and it did not end well]

Here are some things to consider:

- 1. Why do you want a business partner? What can you accomplish with a business partner that you can't do with employees or outsourced help? Are you looking for a "silent" partner, someone to pony up lots of cash to help you build your dream business? (If so, make sure to answer the questions in Exercise 12)
- 2. On a scale of 1 to 10, with 1 being "get outta my way!" and 10 being "Whatever you say, dear," how would you rate your ability to share control/decision-making? On the same scale, how comfortable are you with sharing the limelight?
- 3. Do you have any fears about working with a business partner? Do you have personal experience with any partnership horror stories? If so, what are they?
- 4. What traits are you looking for in a business partner? Make a list of the skills and qualities you are seeking in your ideal business partner(s), and the possible sources where you might find them.

5. If you already have someone in mind, make a rough list of what you consider their strengths and weaknesses. As you did for yourself, look at important business management skills areas such as:

Sales	Pricing, buying, sales planning, negotiating, direct-selling to buyers, customer service follow-up, managing other sales reps, tracking competitors	
Marketing	Advertising/promotion or public relations, media planning, copywriting, marketing strategies/plans, Internet/social media	
Financial planning	Cash-flow planning, monthly financial reporting, bank relationships, credit line management	
Accounting	Bookkeeping, billing (payables and receivables), monthly profit and loss statements/balance sheets, quarterly/annual tax preparation	
Administrative	Scheduling, payroll handling, benefits administration, insurance	
Personnel management	Hiring/firing/motivating employees, general management skills	
Technology	Word processing, spreadsheet, database, time management software, Internet and other research, computer equipment/other peripherals like PDAs, BlackBerrys, and cell phones	
Communication	Oral presentation, written communication, schmoozing/entertainment	

Strengths

Weaknesses

1)	1)
2)	2)
3)	3)
4)	4)
5)	5)
6)	6)
7)	7)
8)	8)

6. Is your prospective partner a competing partner -- someone with exactly the same skills as you? Watch out – choosing your "clone" could hamper your business growth.

Affinity Factors

Exercise 3: Compatibility



Food for thought: You know it when you feel it: compatibility. An instinctive sense that you'll get along well. But it can take more than that "first date" to really feel the synergy. What are your (potential) partner's key personality traits and attributes? Look carefully. Like DNA – they're not likely

to change. I once entertained the idea of going into business with a colleague. We sat down for what should have been a delightful lunch. But she was so imperious with the wait staff (who was really trying hard), I lost all possible interest in "business nuptials."

Here are some things to consider:

1. Is your partner self-motivated? What is her attitude toward "hard work" and risk-taking? Does she have a thick skin to withstand entrepreneurial setbacks?

2. On a scale of 1 to 10, with 10 being the ideal, how would you rate your business partner in the following areas:

Ability to manage risk and stress	
Strong family support	
Ability to deal with failure	
Ability to work alone	
Ability to work with and manage others?	

3. Are there significant cultural differences between you? What effect might these have? Cultural differences can engender misunderstandings that easily escalate. What influence do your cultures of origin have on your life outlook? 4. Do you share a sense of humor? If not, how do you react to the other's jokes? Bemusement? Offense?

5. What are your partner's social skills? Can she hold a conversation? Hold her liquor? Hold her tongue, when necessary? How does she dress? As a representative of your company, will her demeanor and behavior be an embarrassment if you're entertaining clients or other business associates?

6. Does your partner honor your time? Constantly reschedule your meetings together? Is it okay to show up to a 4:00 P.M. appointment at 4:27 P.M.? What is your partner's sense of deadlines? What do they complete/leave for later?

7. How does your partner demonstrate "integrity" and "honesty"? How important are these values? Look for examples -- don't just rely on your partner's say-so.

8. Is your partner growing or stagnant? Is he stuck in his ways, or does he take classes to enhance his business education and personal growth? Is he proactive toward life, or stuck in a "woe is me" tape loop? Look at actions, not just words.

9. How do you feel when you are with your business partners? Do they make you feel good? Do they gang up on you? Do you feel encouraged to build the business, or do you feel beaten down? Do you like and respect them? Is the feeling mutual?

Affinity Factors Evaluation COMPATIBILITY

What's Your Comfort Level?: On a scale of 1-10, with 1 being "sheer terror" and 10 being "complete trust," rate your comfort level with your discussions and satisfaction with your resolutions on the following Compatibility questions:

1.	Partner's self motivation	 7. Integrity
2.	Business leadership	 8. Personal growth
3.	Cultural differences	 9. Respect
4.	Sense of humor	 Total Compatibility Score:
5.	Social skills	 Average Compatibility Factor
6.	Honoring time/deadlines	 (Score divided by # of questions answered)

Exercise 4: Goals



Food for thought: Do you see eye-to-eye? What are your personal goals? Your business goals? Years ago, I advised a pair of potential business partners – one older, one younger. The younger had exciting goals for growth and diversification. The elder's goal was for the younger to provide her with a

retirement pension. Not exactly compatible (and wound up badly, in the end).

Here are some things to consider:

1. Why were you dissatisfied with your previous jobs (or current situation)? What did you like about them that you might want to incorporate into your own company?

2. Do you want to build the company for life or build it to "flip"?

3. Is this a first career, a first business, or a retirement business?

4. Where do you each want the business to be in 3, 5, 10 years? Are you aligned on growth plans (including hiring, regional expansion, etc.) and possible exit strategies? What is your (individual and shared) vision for the business and its future ownership and control?

5. What are your personal financial goals? (This also comes up in Exercise 7.) Does the business have the capacity to meet them? If not now, when?

6. What do you want the business to be able to do for each of you, aside from providing a sustainable living? Opportunities for creative expression (e.g., writing, public speaking)? Serve as a platform for advancing a cause or issue?

7. How do you want to handle the company's earnings? Do you want to put earnings back into the business or do you want to distribute them to the partners for their personal goals?

8. What are your individual expectations of each other? Do you have similar views of what is realistic to ask of each other?

9. How will you measure success? How will you gauge progress?

Affinity Factors Evaluation GOALS

Define Your Comfort Level: On a scale of 1-10, with 1 being "sheer terror" and 10 being "complete trust," rate your comfort level with your discussions and satisfaction with your resolutions on the following Goals questions:

1.	Prior job dissatisfaction	 7. Company earnings
2.	Building the company	 8. Expectations
3.	Type of business	 9. Measuring success
4.	3/5/10-year vision	 Total Goals Score:
5.	Personal finances	 Average Goals Factor
6.	Non-financial opportunities	 (Score divided by # of questions answered)

Exercise 5: Culture



Food for thought: Company culture. Just like "corporate culture" in large institutions, it stems from a number of influences: the physical environment, responsiveness to personal needs, and flexibility in the face of change. Are you running your company like a drill sergeant, or are you Mother Earth, welcoming

all who come to her with open arms?

Here are some things to consider:

1. What kind of setup does your business need? What facilities do you require for yourselves and clients? What impression do you want the office to leave on people who visit? How will you achieve that?

2. What's your ideal working environment? A competitive, energy-filled environment with lots of external stimulation? A quiet environment that fosters concentration and working without interruption? Are your styles the same? If they differ, can both be accommodated in the same space?

3. Are you different in terms of your needs for cleanliness/organization? Is one or both of you neat? Messy? A pack rat? An organizational wizard?

4. What kinds of working hours are you planning to keep? Is one of you 24/7 while the other is 9-5? Are you early birds? Late risers? What kind of hours do you ideally want to work? Outside of the office, how much of your time will you put into work?

5. What is your business style? Military precision, or go-with-the-flow? Do you work better alone or with a team? Are you task-oriented or relationship-oriented? Detail-oriented or big-picture thinker? Do you perform well under pressure or do you fold? Is the other's style one that works for you?

- 6. Is your idea of a vacation switching from sales to marketing, while your partner's is nine weeks on the Riviera?
- 7. Working virtually . . . or virtually working? If you work from home, how can you set up an efficient system to keep track of client files or materials? How can you make sure you are accountable to each other (and to the company) for meeting company (and client) needs? Is one of you a Mac person and the other a PC person?

8. Does either of you -- or do your families -- have health issues that could affect your availability for the business? How will you deal with this situation if they do?

9. Do you have or expect to have children, family, or other lifestyle issues that will make demands on your time? If this reduces availability for work, would this be OK?

Affinity Factors Evaluation CULTURE

Define Your Comfort Level: On a scale of 1-10, with 1 being "sheer terror" and 10 being "complete trust," rate your comfort level with your discussions and satisfaction with your resolutions on the following Culture questions:

1.	Physical environment	 7. Working virtually	
2.	Working environment	 8. Health issues	
3.	Cleanliness/organization	 9. Children/family	
4.	Working hours	 Total Culture Score:	
5.	Business style	 Average Culture Factor	
6.	Vacation	 (Score divided by # of questions answered)	

Exercise 6: Communication/Navigation



Food for thought: There are two aspects to staying on an even keel: communication and navigation. I had a business partnership that started well and ended badly, partly because, over time, we grew to act like an old passive-aggressive married couple. We went about our daily business without checking in with each other as a "management team." Eventually, it was like we were

running two separate businesses under the same roof.

Here are some things to consider:

Responses to #s 5-8 are good to share with your attorney for your operations manual and your partnership agreement!

- **1.** How would you characterize your communication style? Open? Reserved? Do you prefer to discuss issues informally, or to have an agenda for time to think it through?
- 2. How do you feel about criticism -- both voicing it and receiving it? How do you express disagreement? Do you take it personally? What is your arguing style? Combative? Withdrawal/silent treatment? Do you have to get your way? Do you capitulate easily? What is your partner's arguing style?

3. How do your partners speak on the telephone to others? How do they speak to their life partners? Do they speak with respect?

- 4. What kind of temper do your partners have? How do they treat their employees? Do they interact well with others?
- 5. How often do you need/want to communicate with each other about what's going on in the business? Throughout the day? Daily? Weekly?
- 6. Do you function well with team meetings? Do you value collaboration? How little is too little? How much is too much?
- 7. Do you have compatible ways of making decisions and solving problems? Are you focused more on the bottom line and striving to be objective or are you focused on trying to achieve consensus and be inclusive? What about your partner? What does it mean if your styles are different?

8. How will you handle disagreements on the profound issues facing the company, such as whether to develop multiple streams of business, or what the company's priorities should be? Is there a way to negotiate a solution that meets both needs? Are you/your partner committed to trying to find a solution, or does "winner take all?"

9. How will decisions be made in the company? Is each of you comfortable with the other's making decisions in areas where you weren't consulted? Do you need 2/3 majority or unanimity on certain issues? If so, which issues?

Affinity Factors Evaluation COMMUNICATION/NAVIGATION

Define Your Comfort Level: On a scale of 1-10, with 1 being "sheer terror" and 10 being "complete trust," rate your comfort level with your discussions and satisfaction with your resolutions on the following Communication/Navigation questions:

1.	Communication style	 7. Problem-solving style
2.	Criticism	 8. Disagreements
3.	Telephone manner	 9. Decision-making
4.	Temper	 Total Communication Score:
5.	Communication frequency	 Average Communication Factor
6.	Collaboration	 (Score divided by # of questions answered)

Practical Factors

Exercise 7: Money



Food for thought: Money. It's probably the #1 reason business partnerships break up. There's not enough of it to meet your bills. Someone's taking too much of it. Someone else isn't contributing her fair share. Or, you've earned a lot of it and want to cash out. Can you talk about it? If it seems awkward, learn to get comfortable with this thorny subject – money is

the lifeblood of your business.

Here are some things to consider:

These responses are good to share with your attorney and your accountant for your partnership agreement!

1. Personal financial needs: What are your monthly household expenses? If one partner has a greater financial need, can that partner take a bigger draw from the business? If so, how will that be balanced? What if the business doesn't generate enough income to pay your salaries for a period of time? Can each of you still afford to meet personal expenses? For how long?

2. Company expenses: What are your basic operating expenses? Identify your categories of expense (rent, insurance, utilities, marketing, salaries, etc.)? How much do (or will) you spend monthly, annually, in each category? In one year? Three years? Five years?

3. Contribution: How much will each partner invest in the business? What will that entitle them to in terms of draws/salary and profit share? How will you value the "intangibles" they bring, like ideas, skills, and customers, as a share of the contribution? Will additional financial contributions be expected? How will you handle a situation where one partner contributes less than another?

4. Management: Who's responsible for day-to-day financial management, including authority to execute legal and financial documents on behalf of the company? Who handles (or oversees) long-range financial planning (such as insurance, retirement)? What's your level of expertise doing this? How will you make spending decisions for the company? What kinds of purchases must be jointly decided upon?

5. Targets: What are your targets for financial performance? How often will you review them? What is your ultimate financial goal regarding annual income and when do you anticipate achieving it?

6. Financial integrity. Do you share attitudes toward money issues, from credit policy to paying bills on time? How do you each respond to the "vendor test" below?

Your company has \$500 in its account right now. You owe a vendor \$500. Do you (1) pay the vendor \$500? (2) Pay the partners \$500? (3) Pay the vendor \$250 and split the rest among the partners? Or (4) something else?

7. Valuation: If the partnership ends, how will you value the business? How will you divide the assets? Can you solve the thorny issue, again, of placing a value on intangibles?

8. Spending habits. What is your partner's spending style and habits? Is she impulsive or inclined to act without consulting others? How does she handle money in her personal life? For that matter, how do you?

9. Do you share similar views and practices regarding accounting and expense control, time-keeping and record-keeping, productivity and efficiency?

Practical Factors Evaluation

MONEY

Define Your Comfort Level: On a scale of 1-10, with 1 being "sheer terror" and 10 being "complete trust," rate your comfort level with your discussions and satisfaction with your resolutions on the following Money questions:

Personal finances		7. Valuation	
Company expenses		8. Spending habits	
Capital contribution		9. Record-keeping	
Financial management		Total Money Score:	
Performance targets		Average Money Factor	
Financial integrity		(Score divided by # of questions answered)	
	Personal finances Company expenses Capital contribution Financial management Performance targets Financial integrity	Company expenses Capital contribution Financial management Performance targets	Company expenses 8. Spending habits Capital contribution 9. Record-keeping Financial management Total Money Score: Performance targets Average Money Factor (Score divided by

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Exercise 8: Roles



Food for thought: In the original *Rocky* film, Rocky Balboa is asked what he sees in his girlfriend, Adrian. He says, "She fills gaps. I got gaps. She got gaps. Together, we fill gaps." It's hard for business partners to expertly handle all aspects of starting and growing a business. Do you know what your gaps are and how you'll fill them?

Here are some things to consider:

These responses are good to share with your attorney for your operations manual and your partnership agreement!

- 1. What will each of the partners bring to the business? What assets and resources? Money? Technical expertise? Management talents? Sales skills? Customers/clients? Contacts? Intellectual property?
- 2. Review the strengths and weaknesses you identified in Exercises 1 and 2. What are the gaps left open that your combined skills do not satisfy? Areas to consider:

	Who's Strong?	Who's Not?	Gaps?
Sales			
Marketing			
Financial planning			
Accounting			
Administrative			
Personnel management			
Technology			
Communication			

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3. Think carefully about the gaps you've identified in Question #2. Is the "strong" person *really* strong in that area, or is she only minimally more proficient than the other? Is that enough for the business to run smoothly (and avoid pitfalls)? If not, consider how you will fill the gaps. Go through training, mentor each other, bring in outside expertise or staffing (short or long term)?

	How we'll fill the gaps
Sales	
Marketing	
Financial planning	
Accounting	
Administrative	
Personnel management	
Technology	
Communication	

4. Which tasks would each partner *prefer* to do? What do you like to do least? Can you work out a division of labor (both the drudge-work and the fun tasks) that's *fair*?

5. What positions/titles will each owner hold? What will your roles in the business be? Will one person have the ultimate decision-making capacity?

6. Is there a need for one of us to actually be a leader? How will it be, and in which contexts? Will leadership vary, depending on the context? What will we do if we disagree with the way the other is leading?

Practical Factors Evaluation ROLES

Define Your Comfort Level: On a scale of 1-10, with 1 being "sheer terror" and 10 being "complete trust," rate your comfort level with your discussions and satisfaction with your resolutions on the following Roles questions:

1.	Non-financial contribution	 5. Titles	
2.	Gaps	 6. Leadership	
3.	Filling gaps	 Total Roles Score:	
4.	Preferred tasks	 Average Roles Factor (Score divided by # of questions answered)	

Exercise 9: Accountability



Food for thought: "Actions speak louder than words," goes the old adage. If you've made it this far through the exercises, you've both been doing a lot of talking. Now it's time to see if the words and actions are congruent. I had a colleague who thought she was *so* clever every time she said, "I'm so broke, I can't pay attention." No surprise, she had debt collectors hounding her . . . but

somehow, the situation was always someone else's fault. It's "due diligence" time. Are your partners as responsible as they say they are?

Here are some things to consider:

- **1.** Background checks. Are there any criminal convictions on your partner's record? Did your partner volunteer this information or did you have to dig it up?
- 2. Lawsuit filings. Has your partner been involved in any lawsuits? If so, what was the dispute about? Are there any complaints with the Better Business Bureau or other business monitors? What explanations does your partner give for them?

3. Bankruptcy petitions. Has your partner ever filed for bankruptcy protection? If so, when? If the petition was filed within the last 7-10 years, you may find that that has a negative effect on your company's ability to obtain credit.

4. Ask for references. Try to obtain these from peers, vendors, and professional acquaintances. What do her clients say about her business personality and reputation?

- 5. Do any negative reports show up on Google®?
- 6. Previous business activities: You want a full understanding not just of what he did but why he quit (if he did).

7. If you partner already has a business of her own, does she pay her landlord, vendors, and employees promptly? Whether or not it will be the business you will work in together, ask to look at the books. How is the business doing? How long has your partner had that business?

8. Does your partner take responsibility for her actions and mistakes? Can you come up with two or three examples?

9. How do you view leadership and accountability—especially if you are coming into an already-ongoing business? Is leadership about rubber-stamping the decisions that have already been made or holding those decisions up to scrutiny? Is accountability an accepted factor or a sign of mistrust?

Practical Factors Evaluation ACCOUNTABILITY

Define Your Comfort Level: On a scale of 1-10, with 1 being "sheer terror" and 10 being "complete trust," rate your comfort level with your discussions and satisfaction with your resolutions on the following Accountability questions:

1.	Background checks	 7. Current business activities
2.	Lawsuit filings	 8. Taking responsibility
3.	Bankruptcy petitions	 9. Accountability attitudes
4.	References	 Total Accountability Score:
5.	Google® search results	 Average Accountability Factor
6.	Prior businesses	 (Score divided by # of questions answered)

Exercise 10: Exit Strategy



Food for thought: There's an old Native American phrase: "Nothing lasts forever, but the rocks." All partnerships come to an end . . . even if the only reason for the demise is death of one of the partners (sorry to be morbid, but it's true). Exit strategy, or "buyout," provisions remind you of how you agreed to handle matters fairly, when cooler heads prevailed. Otherwise, you run the risk

that a "business divorce" could destroy all you've worked so hard to achieve. There are a number of reasons that a business partner might need or want to leave the company. With the help of your attorney, you'll want to identify:

- Trigger events when a partner needs/wants to leave
- Who gets to buy the partner's interest in the company
- How much she gets paid
- Any exceptions? Penalties?

Here are some things to consider:

These responses are good to share with your attorney for your partnership agreement! Speak to your financial Also, advisor about sounds planning for these events.

1. Death. Who gets the right to buy a partner's interest if one of the partner's should die? Do the remaining partners get first dibs? Or does the right go to a surviving spouse?

2. Disability/Incompetence. What if a partner gets sick or is temporarily (less than six months) disabled? Will she be paid a regular salary? For how long? What about a longer-term disability? How long can the business afford to pay the salary, benefits and profits of a partner who is too sick to work or contribute to the company?

3. Resignation/Retirement. If a partner needs to make a lifestyle change (new baby, ailing parent) that temporarily reduces his ability to work, would that be OK? For what period of time? At what point would this situation make you want to revisit how you have structured ownership and control of the company? If a partner is retiring, is there a retirement plan in place?

- **4. Divorce.** Depending on the state, a divorcing business owner's spouse might claim a portion of the owner's interest in the company. Do you want to be in business with your partner's spouse?
- **5. Expulsion.** What kind of conduct would make you want to get rid of a partner? Company theft? Illegal substance use? Sexual harassment of employees or vendors? Laziness?

6. Mutual agreement. Sometimes partnerships just run their course. They run out of steam. The partners share a feeling that it's time to do something different, separately. This should be an amicable split -- but only if your agreement already covers the valuation and sharing of the assets.

7. Disputes. You may experience repeated deadlocks and differences that point towards business dissolution. How will you recognize this situation and deal with it?

8. Valuation. If you haven't already addressed this issue in Exercise 7, now's the time. How will you split up ownership? How will you divide profits and losses? How (and when) will you be paid? Review these issues with your attorney, accountant, and financial advisors to make sure the valuation formulas make sense for your kind of business.

9. Commitment. How long do you expect, or would you like, your partnership to last? Are all partners willing to commit to the business for a certain minimum amount of time? What if one of the partners leaves before that time frame?

10. Outside Businesses. May the partners have outside business interests or other employment while owning the company? May partners work for a competing business after they leave the company?

11. Outside Offers. What if a partner gets an outside offer to purchase her ownership interest in the company? Should she let the company get the first opportunity to match the offer (called "right of first refusal")?

Practical Factors Evaluation EXIT STRATEGY

Define Your Comfort Level: On a scale of 1-10, with 1 being "sheer terror" and 10 being "complete trust," rate your comfort level with your discussions and satisfaction with your resolutions on the following Exit Strategy questions:

1.	Death of partner	 8. Valuation	
2.	Disability	 9. Commitment	
3.	Resignation	 10. Outside businesses	
4.	Divorce	 11. Outside offers	
5.	Expulsion	 Total Exit Strategy Score:	
6.	Mutual agreement	 Average Exit Strategy Factor	
7.	Disputes	 (Score divided by # of questions answered)	

Special Factors

Exercise 11: Family Members



Food for thought: Going into business with a close friend or family member brings up its own set of considerations, in addition to all of the basic business partnership issues you've seen in the previous exercises. You bring a special asset to the table: your relationship. And that relationship has to be protected. Otherwise, you'll be staring daggers at each other during

Thanksgiving dinner. Long-standing family feuds have been based on less.

Here are some things to consider:

1. What are the benefits to choosing this friend/family member as a business partner?

- 2. What are the drawbacks to choosing this friend/family member as a business partner?
- 3. How will working together affect your family finances, if at all?

4. How will your working together affect estate planning (if at all)? For example, if it's a parent-child partnership, how will the other children in the family (who aren't going to be involved in the business) be "handled"/told that this is happening? How will the parent's estate be divided?

5. Have you established the credentials of your prospective friend/family-business partner? Go back to Exercise 9 for the kind of background information you may want to have (if you're not already intimately familiar with it).

6. How will you work out business disagreements to ensure that your personal relationship isn't adversely affected by them?

- 7. Which elements of your home or personal lives can you bring to work? Which elements of work can you bring home? How will you:
 - Address each other in front of clients
 - Agree to time off
 - Spend time apart even when you're "together" (for example, each having your own space and privacy at home and work)?

8. How will you handle final decision-making and chain of authority? Can you handle these dynamics with grace?

9. What are your personal goals and financial goals? At what point would it no longer make sense to be in business together? Can you agree on those situations?

Special Factors Evaluation FAMILY MEMBERS

Define Your Comfort Level: On a scale of 1-10, with 1 being "sheer terror" and 10 being "complete trust," rate your comfort level with your discussions and satisfaction with your resolutions on the following Family Members questions:

1.	Partner benefits	 7. Business/personal life
2.	Partner detriments	 8. Chain of authority
3.	Affect on family finances	 9. Personal/financial goals
4.	Affect on estate planning	 Total Family Members Score:
5.	Credentials (see Exercise 9)	 Average Family Members Factor
6.	Disagreements	 (Score divided by # of questions answered)

Exercise 12: Investors



Food for thought: "Fools rush in where angels fear to tread," and it's wise not to rush into an angel investor deal. Yes, they can provide access to capital (when capital is scarce), expertise, and contacts . . . but they will exact a price. Not unfairly, necessarily – they're taking a huge risk in your company. But you'll have higher standards and expectations to meet than you might with an

active business partner. Angels may request the right to control restrict future capital raising or management operations. Before you sign on the dotted line, make sure you can meet their

expectations.

Speak to an attorney experienced in angel investor deals – there are special documents and disclosures to have in place that protect you.

Here are some things to consider:

1. Can you welcome outside ownership from an investor? Can you accept the possible loss of management control? How "silent" will this silent partner be?

- 2. Have you put together a business plan with enough detail and forethought to even pique an investor's interest? (In other words, more than just a doodle on the back of a cocktail napkin).
- 3. What kind of return on investment do you reasonably think you can generate?

4. What is the angel investor asking of you? Board representation? Rights of first refusal in future funding rounds? To refrain from issuing more stock without the angel's consent?

5. What are you getting from the investor in return? Money (how much? Over what period of time)? Expertise? Contacts?

6. What is the background and investment philosophy of the investor -- areas of interest/expertise, sizes of potential investment, and geographical location?

7. What other deals have they done? How successful were they? What was the investor's contribution? What relation was that contribution to the whole (e.g., were they the only investor? Or one of several?)?

- 8. What degree of contact do they want from you and in what form (e.g., email, telephone, face-to-face meetings)?
- 9. Suppose there are other working partners in the company and you disagree on the need for a silent partner. How will you deal with this?

Special Factors Evaluation INVESTORS

Define Your Comfort Level: On a scale of 1-10, with 1 being "sheer terror" and 10 being "complete trust," rate your comfort level with your discussions and satisfaction with your resolutions on the following Investors questions:

1.	Outside ownership	 7. Other deal success
2.	Business plan	 8. Extent of contact
3.	Return on investment	 9. Need for silent partner
4.	Giving to angel	 Total Investors Score:
5.	Getting from angel	 Average Investors Factor
6.	Investor background	 (Score divided by # of questions answered)

Evaluating the Results

You've taken the time to answer a lot of questions and do a lot of digging. While that isn't an iron-clad guarantee that you'll live "happily ever after" forever and ever with this business partner, you've done significant due diligence to make sure your decision has a solid foundation.

Take a moment to evaluate your overall comfort level with this business partner. Insert the average number you calculated for each factor into the chart below. For factors that are not applicable (e.g., your business partner is not a friend or family member), just leave that area blank. Divide the Total Score by the number of factors you completed. Like Olympic athletes, you'll end up with an overall average score that you can use as a gauge. Is your partner a 2? You may want to look for another. Is your partner a 10? Get that prenup signed, pronto! ③

Where do you stand? Are you happy with what the numbers tell you? Again, only you can determine how much weight to give to these different factors.

FACTOR	SCORE	FACTOR	SCORE		
Affinity Factors		Practical Factors			
Compatibility Score		Money Score			
Goals Score		Roles Score			
Culture Score		Accountability Score			
Navigation Score		Exit Score			
Special Factors					
Family Members					
Investors					
Total Score		Total Factors Completed			
Final Average Score (= Total Score / Total Factors Completed): []					

About the Author

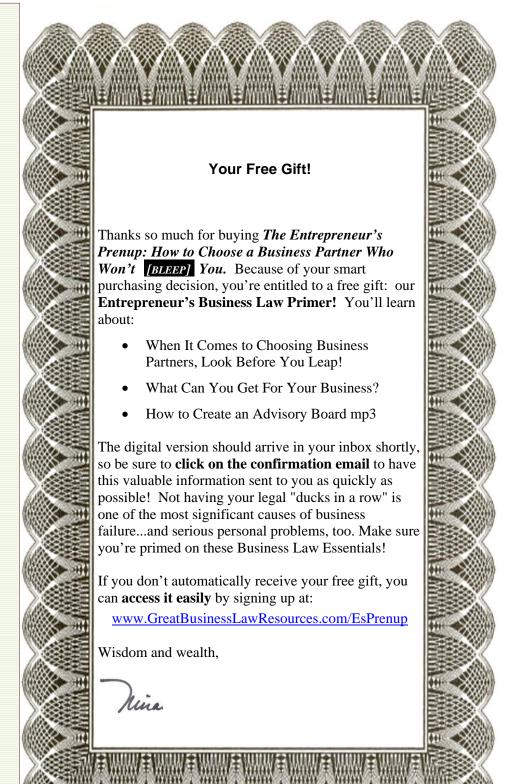
Nina Kaufman demystifies legal mumbo-jumbo to save small businesses time, money, and aggravation. She's also an awardwinning business attorney, speaker, and columnist/blogger for Entrepreneur Magazine online.

For over fifteen years, she has successfully navigated thousands of small businesses through the legal hurdles they face in starting and running their companies.

In addition to her work for Entrepreneur, *she publishes* BusinessPartnershipCentral.com, and serves on Forbes.com's Ask The Expert panel for small businesses. Nina is a media resource and frequent contributor on a wide range of legal topics to other publications and media outlets including Enterprising Women, The E-Myth Insider, WomenandBiz.com, the American Bar Association's GP/Solo *Magazine, the* New York Enterprise Report, DivineCaroline, and MyVenturePad,

With skills honed on the stand-up comedy stage, Nina is a soughtafter professional speaker. She gives seminars, workshops, teleclasses, and presentations for numerous organizations in the New York area. Her hot topics include building business partnerships and collaborative alliances that work, protecting your business on the Internet, and training clients to pay on time.

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